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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/782,775	02/23/2004	Martin Grabner	03P00632	5500
24252 75	90 09/18/2006		EXAMINER	
OSRAM SYLVANIA INC			PAPE, ZACHARY	
100 ENDICOTT DANVERS, M			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
,			2835	
	•		DATE MAILED: 09/18/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	10
Office Action Summan	10/782,775	GRABNER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Zachary M. Pape	2835	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communic (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 J	<u>une 2006</u> .	•	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merit	s is
closed in accordance with the practice under t	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application	l .		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	•	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 23 February 2004 is/ar	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objecte	ed to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	pjected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	21(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152	2.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in Applicat	ion No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	rity documents have been receiv	ed in this National Stage	
application from the International Burea			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.	
Attach mont(o)			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	, (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal I	Patent Application	

DETAILED ACTION

The following detailed action is in response to the correspondence filed 6/22/2006.

The 35 U.S.C. 101 rejection has been withdrawn in view of the remarks.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see pages 2-5, filed 6/22/2006, with respect to the 35 U.S.C. 101 rejection have been fully considered and are persuasive. The 101 rejection of claims 1-14 has been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

While the Examiner can accept the reasoning presented by the Applicant's in the present remarks (I.E. via the 2nd law of thermodynamics heat is transferred from the components to the transformer), the Examiner notes that the specification provides no

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support to the claims that the electrical component will act as a heat sink to the component since the specification fails to detail which device emits more heat. Citing this lack of detail, the Examiner is unable to understand how the device functions as argued/claimed (The Examiner further notes that it is entirely possible to have a transformer atop a component (as claimed) which would generate more heat than the component). Regardless the Examiner has presented a reference in the rejection below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

As best can be understood by the Examiner, claims 1-6, 8-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spiteri (US 3,991,356) in view of Cromwell et al. (US 6,061,235).

With respect to claim 1, Spiteri teaches a circuit arrangement having a component (11-13) to be cooled, comprising an electrical component (Comprising 60, 11-13, etc.) in the form of a heat sink (See Abstract), which is an active part of the circuit arrangement, in particular an inductive component having a core (Where Spiteri describes a "traditional" transformer with a core and windings (14)). Spiteri is silent as to the use of a heat transfer device arranged between the component and the electrical

component. Cromwell et al. teaches the conventionality of utilizing a heat transfer device between a component and a heat sink (Column 6, Lines 61-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Cromwell et al. with that of Spiteri to provide a low resistance thermal path (Cromwell: Column 7, Lines 18-20).

With respect to claim 2, Cromwell et al. further teaches that the heat transfer device comprises a resilient mat (Column 6, Lines 63-67).

With respect to claim 3, even though the claims are limited and defined by the recited process, the determination of patentability of the product is based on the product itself, and does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). In the present case, it is well known in the art to create pads as described by Cromwell et al. via a foamed mass.

With respect to claim 4, Spiteri teaches that the inductive component (10) is a transformer.

With respect to claims 5 and 6, Spiteri further teaches that the component (Comprising 60, 11-13, etc.)) to be cooled is an integrated circuit (Where the PCB, diodes, resistor, etc. form the integrated circuit).

With respect to claims 8-13, the method steps recited in the claims are inherently necessitated by the device structure as taught by the Spiteri and Cromwell et al. references.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zachary M. Pape whose telephone number is 571-272-2201. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Thur. & every other Fri. (8:00am - 5:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynn Feild can be reached at 571-272-2092. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

LIGA LEA-EDMONDS PRIMARY EXAMINER

ZMP